Clio Contemplates Her Students: Reflections on Teaching and Learning History in the Digital Age

Since 2004 I have published a series of five research articles that explore various aspects of teaching and learning history with technology. These articles build not only on each other but on my earlier SOTL articles, which often provided baseline data. Through my series of articles on teaching with technology, I have been able to learn more about the most effective ways to use digital resources to promote the development of critical skills in students. Consequently, I have continuously revised my teaching methods, assignments, and materials in response to findings.

My work is firmly grounded in the philosophy of history and in constructivist theories of learning. As E.H. Carr points out, "facts" are constructs that involve interpretation, and there must be a "continuous process of interaction between the historian and [their] facts..." Sam Wineburg argues that historical thinking is an "unnatural act," since "texts are not lifeless strings of facts ..." but must be "interrogated ... [and] decoded." We want to our students to think like prosecuting attorneys but, unfortunately, students often read texts "like jurors ... unable to question witnesses directly or subject them to cross-examination." For students to achieve Carl Becker's ideal of "every [one their] own historian," constructivist theorists insist that instructors must move from being authoritative dispensers of wisdom to "midwi[ves] in the birth of understanding," who enable students to construct meaning from their own experiences, often in social contexts. It is in this context that I became an early adopter of technology as a tool to develop historical skills, and began publishing articles in the 1990s on the benefits of teaching and learning with technology.

Historians have been among the most reluctant in the academy to embrace new technologies, and the prevailing attitude seems to be that, "real historians do not read bytes." Some historians doubt the very possibility of creating a meaningful constructivist learning environment online, since so many computer applications embody didactic models of teaching whose focus is on information transfer rather than on constructing knowledge through learning communities. ⁵

12/gance.html.

¹E. H. Carr, What is History? (New York: Viking Books, 1961), 35.

²Sam Wineburg, *Historical Thinking and Other Unnatural Acts* (Philadelphia: Temple University Press, 2001), 74-77.

³Ernst von Glasersfeld, "Sensory Experience, Abstraction, and Teaching," in Leslie Steffe and Jerry Gale, eds., *Constructivism in Education* (New Jersey: Lawrence Erlbaum Associates, Inc., 1995), 369-384.

⁴Jeffery G. Barlow, "Historical Research and Electronic Evidence: Problems and Promises," in Dennis A. Trinkle, ed., *Writing, Teaching, and Researching History in the Electronic Age* (Armonck, New York: M.E.Sharpe, 1998), 205.

⁵Stephen Gance, "Are Constructivism and Computer-Based Learning Environments Compatible?" in the *Journal for the Association for History and Computing* Vol. 5, No. 1 (May 2002). Retrieved March 30, 2007, from <a href="http://journals2.iranscience.net:800/mcel.pacificu.edu/mcel.pacificu.edu/JAHC/JAHCV1/K-http://journals2.iranscience.net:800/mcel.pacificu.edu/mcel.pacificu.edu/JAHC/JAHCV1/K-http://journals2.iranscience.net:800/mcel.pacificu.edu/mcel.pacificu.edu/JAHC/JAHCV1/K-http://journals2.iranscience.net:800/mcel.pacificu.edu/mcel.pacificu.edu/JAHC/JAHCV1/K-http://journals2.iranscience.net:800/mcel.pacificu.edu/mcel.pacificu.edu/JAHC/JAHCV1/K-http://journals2.iranscience.net:800/mcel.pacificu.edu/mcel.pacificu.edu/mcel.pacificu.edu/JAHC/JAHCV1/K-http://journals2.iranscience.net:800/mcel.pacificu.edu/mcel.p

community and better quality of written work. However, available studies did not explore the effect of using asynchronous discussions in mid-continuum hybrid contexts, which incorporate substantial proportions of both face-to-face as well as asynchronous communication. 10

I wondered whether asynchronous discussions would enhance the results of the in-class roleplaying debates I already conducted using small group work to prepare for various roles. Although I anticipated that advance preparation would enhance the quality of the hybrid students' postings, the hybrid students' work was generally less cognitively elaborated, compared to postings made by students in the eCore® course. While the better performance of the asynchronous students might be attributable to the greater 'lag time' these students had for responses, ¹¹ an alternative and equally compelling explanation might be the greater maturity (age) and online experience of the asynchronous students. The results reported in "History in the Digital Age" had also raised other important issues concerning the use of multimedia resources in the eCore® course

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Education

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- "History to Go: Why iTeach With iPods." In *The History Teacher* Vol. 39, No. 4 (August 2006): 479-492.
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15 encyclopedia articles in the *Encyclopedia of Monasticism* and other publications.

Teaching and Learning Grants

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